

**Household income statistics by dwelling and household characteristics: Canada, provinces and territories, census divisions and census subdivisions [1], Data Tables, 2021**  
**Universe: Private households in occupied private dwellings, 2021 and 2016 censuses — 25% Sample data and 100% data**

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	Total - Household income statistics - 100% Data (2020) [3, 4, 5]		Median total income of households (\$ (2020))	Median after-tax income of households (\$ (2020))	Total - Household income statistics - 25% Sample data (2020) [6]	Average total income of households (\$ (2020))	Aggregate total income of households (\$'000 (2020))	Average after-tax income of households (\$ (2020))	Aggregate after-tax income of households (\$'000 (2020))	Total - Structural type of dwelling [2]		Median total income of households (\$ (2015))	Median after-tax income of households (\$ (2015))	Total - Household income statistics - 25% Sample data (2015)	Average total income of households (\$ (2015))	Aggregate total income of households (\$'000 (2015))	Average after-tax income of households (\$ (2015))	Aggregate after-tax income of households (\$'000 (2015))
Household type including census family structure																		
Total – Household type including census family structure [7]	480	88,000	81,000	480	98,800	47,600	85,200	40,800	440	82,000	73,500	440	92,800	40,800	79,600	34,800		
Census-family households	385	102,000	90,000	385	113,600	43,600	97,600	37,200	365	88,000	78,500	360	102,000	36,800	87,600	31,600		
Households consisting of only one census family without additional persons	275	97,000	87,000	275	108,000	30,000	92,000	25,600	250	82,000	73,000	250	94,000	23,200	80,000	20,000		
One couple, with or without children in their census family	180	111,000	97,000	180	122,000	21,600	103,000	18,400	170	97,000	83,000	170	107,000	18,000	91,000	15,200		
Without children	20	69,500	64,500	20	95,000	1,800	76,000	1,600	20	96,000	75,500	25	90,000	2,400	76,000	1,800		
With children	160	113,000	100,000	160	126,000	20,000	106,000	17,000	145	97,000	83,000	145	108,000	15,600	94,000	13,600		
One one-parent census family	100	68,000	62,400	100	84,000	8,000	72,000	7,000	80	58,000	54,000	85	66,000	5,400	57,000	4,600		
With a parent that is a man+ [8, 9]	10	x	x	10	140,000	1,600	120,000	1,200	15	x	x	20	90,000	1,600	70,000	1,200		
With a parent that is a woman+ [10, 11]	85	66,000	62,400	85	76,000	6,600	67,000	5,800	65	55,200	52,800	65	58,000	3,800	52,000	3,400		
Other census family households [12]	105	115,000	107,000	110	130,000	13,600	112,000	12,000	115	110,000	97,000	115	120,000	13,600	104,000	11,600		
Non-census family households	95	32,400	30,400	100	42,000	4,200	36,500	3,600	75	31,400	31,400	80	52,000	4,000	44,000	3,400		

Symbol legend:

x : suppressed to meet the confidentiality requirements of the Statistics Act

List of abbreviations and acronyms found within various Census products. (<https://www12.statcan.gc.ca/census-recensement/2021/ref/symb-ab-acr-eng.cfm>)

[1] Historical comparison of geographic areas

The boundaries and names of census geographies can change from one census to the next. In order to facilitate data comparisons between censuses, previous census data have been adjusted to reflect as closely as possible the 2021 boundaries of these areas. The methodology used for this adjustment involved spatially linking blocks of previous censuses (concordance to the 1996 Census used the 1996 enumeration areas to the 2021 boundaries). A previous census block was linked to the 2021 area within which its representative point fell. A limited number of interactive linkages were completed to further enhance the adjustment in certain areas. For some census geographies, it was not possible to reflect the 2021 boundaries. The 2021 boundaries may not be reflected as there was no previous census block to assign to the 2021 area. As well previous census data for some 2021 areas may not be available due to the fact that the concordance did not produce an accurate representation of the 2021 area.

[2] Structural type of dwelling

'Structural type' refers to the structural characteristics and/or dwelling configuration, that is, whether the dwelling is a single-detached house, an apartment in a high-rise building, a row house, a mobile home, etc.

[3] Total income refers to the sum of certain incomes (in cash and, in some circumstances, in kind) of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. The components used to calculate total income vary between: – Statistical units of social statistical programs such as persons, private households, census families and economic families

[4] After-tax income refers to total income less income taxes of the statistical unit during a specified reference period. Income taxes refers to the sum of federal income taxes, provincial and territorial income taxes, less abatement where applicable. Provincial and territorial income taxes include health care premiums in certain jurisdictions. Abatement reduces the federal income taxes payable by persons residing in Quebec or in certain self-governing Yukon First Nation settlement lands.

[5] The median income of a specified group is the amount that divides the income distribution of that group into two halves, i.e., the incomes of half of the units in that group are below the median, while those of the other half are above the median. Median incomes of households are calculated for all units, whether or not they had income.

[6] Average income of a specified group is calculated by dividing the aggregate income of that group by the number of units in that group. Average incomes are calculated for those with income (positive or negative).

[7] For more information, refer to the Census Dictionary: Household type

[8] Prior to the 2021 Census, this category refers to males. Starting in 2021, this category includes men (and/or boys), as well as some non-binary persons.

[9] Given that the non-binary population is small, data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases, individuals in the category “non-binary persons” are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the “+” symbol. The sex variable in census years prior to 2021 and the two-category gender variable in the 2021 Census are included together in the data table. Although sex and gender refer to two different concepts, the introduction of gender is not expected to have a significant impact on data analysis and historical comparability, given the small size of the transgender and non-binary populations. For additional information on changes of concepts over time, please consult the Age, Sex at Birth and Gender Reference Guide.

[10] Prior to the 2021 Census, this category refers to females. Starting in 2021, this category includes women (and/or girls), as well as some non-binary persons.

[11] Given that the non-binary population is small, data aggregation to a two-category gender variable is sometimes necessary to protect the confidentiality of responses provided. In these cases, individuals in the category “non-binary persons” are distributed into the other two gender categories and are denoted by the “+” symbol. The sex variable in census years prior to 2021 and the two-category gender variable in the 2021 Census are included together in the data table. Although sex and gender refer to two different concepts, the introduction of gender is not expected to have a significant impact on data analysis and historical comparability, given the small size of the transgender and non-binary populations. For additional information on changes of concepts over time, please consult the Age, Sex at Birth and Gender Reference Guide.

[12] One-census-family households with additional persons and multiple-census-family households.

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<https://www150.statcan.gc.ca/t1/tb11/en/tv.action?pid=9810006001>